APPENDIX 3 – MONITORING

SA Objective	SA Sub-objective: will the policy….	Indicator	Targets	Organisation Responsible for Monitoring	Comments
1. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the areas' biodiversity (native plants and animals) and geodiversity.	• Protect and provide opportunities for improving / enhancing sites designated for their nature conservation value / geodiversity value (local and national levels)? • Protect the habitats and species protected by International and UK law? • Help achieve Lincolnshire Biodiversity Action Plan (BAP) targets? • Help to avoid / reduce the loss of / decline in semi natural habitats, agricultural habitats, urban habitats / geological resources? • Conserve species and protect the districts overall biodiversity?	• Number of Local Wildlife Sites or Local Geological Sites affected by new development. * • Number of new developments involving protected species mitigation. * • Changes to BAP habitats. *	• Zero proposals resulting in potential los or damage to Local Wildlife Sites or Local Geological Sites. * • No net loss of BAP habitats over the plan period. *	ELDC	
2. Protect and enhance the quality and distinctiveness of the area's landscapes, townscapes and historic environment.	• Protect and provide opportunities to enhance the distinctive landscapes (e.g. Conservation Areas, Lincolnshire Wolds AONB) within the district? • Will it maintain and, where possible, increase the area of high quality green infrastructure within the district – e.g. woodlands, public rights of way etc? • Will visual aspects / amenity be compromised? • Provide opportunities to	• <u>Amount (ha) of green infrastructure created through new development.</u> • Number of buildings at risk	• **No net increase in buildings on the Buildings at Risk register**	ELDC	

	enhance the townscapes within the district – e.g. promotion of the repair and re-use of historic buildings? • Maintain and enhance the character / distinctiveness of towns and villages (including conservation areas)? • Protect or enhance known features of historical, archaeological, or cultural interest, including their setting? • Protect areas associated with a known high risk archaeological resource where actual and / or quality / quantity of finds is not known e.g. features associated with buried archaeology?				
3. Protect natural resources from avoidable losses and pollution and minimise the impacts of unavoidable losses and pollution.	• Contribute to effective management of water resources (surface and ground waters) via a reduction in water consumption (domestic, commercial, industrial, agricultural)? • Will it contribute to effective management of water resources (surface waters) via storage of excess precipitation? • Reduce diffuse and point source water pollution (e.g. from STWs, commercial, industrial and agricultural sources) and therefore contribute to 'good ecological status' for all water bodies?	• *Number of permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency, on water quality grounds.* * • Number of SUDS implemented in the District. * • Amount of Grade 1 Agricultural Ground lost to development. *		ELDC	

	• Protect the habitats and species reliant on the water environment e.g. in rivers, canals, lakes, ponds and adjacent areas of wetland habitats? • Avoid an increase in light pollutants, particularly in more rural areas and the Lincolnshire Wolds AONB? • Protect the best and most versatile agricultural land? • Encourage appropriate use of finite resources, waste reduction and re-use and recycling of material for all new developments (construction and operational phases)?				
4. Avoid the risk of flooding (where possible) and fully mitigate against the impacts of flooding where it cannot be avoided.	• Will it minimise flood risk to people, property, agricultural land and other assets from rivers and from drainage infrastructure e.g. resulting from intense or prolonged precipitation? • Will it minimise flood risk to people, property, agricultural land and other assets from coastal inundation e.g. via storm surges? • Increase flood risk to people, property, agricultural land and other assets downstream of the proposed development?	• *Number or permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency, on flood risk grounds.*		ELDC	
5. Promote viable and diverse economic growth that supports communities within the	• Promote sustainable economic growth? • Contribute to a low carbon economy in accordance with	• Amount (ha) of new employment land developed. • Support the	• Target for new industrial estate land	ELDC	

district.	the principles set out in the Stern Report (October 2006)?	development of additional tourism infrastructure in the District.	in Core Strategy.		
	• Provide diversity in the economy and encourage sustainable business development?	• Number of new farm diversification projects approved.	• **10% increase in the number of planning approvals associated with tourism over lifetime of core strategy**		
	• Encourage the rural economy and support farm diversification?				
	• Assist the provision of appropriate land and premises for business activity?				
	• Support the growth of sectors that offer scope to reduce outcommuting, e.g. to Lincoln, Grimsby and Boston?				
	• Improve access to education and training, and support provision of skilled employees to the economy?				
	• Improve opportunities for and access to, affordable education and training (basic skills, advanced skills)?				
	• Promote employment opportunities and the diversification of employment opportunities (including skilled opportunities – professional and managerial occupations) and reduce the outmigration of skilled workers?				
	• Enable tourism opportunities to be exploited?				
6. Prioritise appropriate re-use of previously developed land and minimise the loss of the best agricultural land and	• Promote the efficient re-use of land and buildings for new developments and ensure that more dense developments well designed and are associated	• Percentage of housing built on previously used land. * • Percentage of all uses	• **40% of new housing developme nt to be on**	ELDC	

greenfield sites.	with good public transport systems to help achieve the most sustainable pattern and types of development? • Protect the best and most versatile agricultural land?	on previously used land. *	**brownfield land**		
7. Improve accessibility to key services, facilities amenities and green infrastructure including the promotion of sustainable modes of access.	• Improve access to local services, facilities, places of employment and green infrastructure for all residents throughout the district? • Provide improved and sustainable public modes of transport in both urban and rural areas and reduce the need to travel by car?	• Percentage of non-residential development complying with car parking standards set out in the local development framework. • Amount (ha) of green infrastructure created through new development. • Number of community facilities lost • Number of community facilities gained • Percentage of new residential development within 30 minutes public transport time of a GP, hospital, primary and secondary school, employment and a major retail centre.	• **Net gain of one community facility per cluster by 2016.**	ELDC	
8. Increase reuse and recycling rates and minimise the production of waste.	• Reduce waste generated as part of all building programmes? • Reduce household waste? • Increase waste recovery and	No indicators identified	N/A	N/A	

		recycling (domestic, commercial etc)?				
9. Support inclusive, safe and vibrant communities.	• Help achieve the most sustainable pattern and types of development with a view to developing sustainable communities? • Improve the quality of life for communities by allowing residents to become actively involved in decision making at a local level? • Maintain, enhance and create green infrastructure assets (e.g. green space) across the district accessible to the whole community? • Promote more diverse and cohesive communities? • Improve the availability and accessibility of key local services and facilities, including health, education and leisure (shops, post offices, pubs etc.) that also reduce the need to travel? • Reduce the fear of crime, the actual levels of crime, antisocial behaviour and improve public safety? • Promote and encourage design principles that positively reduce crime and antisocial behaviour?	• Number of Parishes with Parish Plan. • Number of Parishes with Neighbourhood Development Plan. • Amount (ha) of green infrastructure created through new development. • Number of community facilities lost • Number of community facilities gained • Number of pitches granted permission for gypsies and travellers • Percentage of new residential development within 30 minutes public transport time of a GP, hospital, primary and secondary school, employment and a major retail centre. • ***Number of planning permissions refused on design grounds***	• **<u>Net gain of one community facility per cluster by 2016.</u>** • **Minimum of 7 pitches allocated or with planning permission by 2014**		
10. Ensure that local housing needs are met.	• Support the provision of a range of house types and sizes, including affordable housing, to meet the identified	• Annual House Building rate (based on trajectory in AMR). • Number of Social	• *Housing Trajectory in AMR (Not yet set for*	ELDC	The housing trajectory will be developed once the

	needs of all sectors of the community? • Enable first time buyers to purchase a home? • Ensure the adoption of sustainable construction and design principles in line with the Code for Sustainable Homes?	Homes built.	*new Core Strategy)* • *Target from Housing Strategy.*		housing numbers have been out for consultation
11. Increase energy efficiency and ensure appropriate sustainable design, construction and operation of new developments.	• Contribute to a reduction in energy/resource consumption (e.g. domestic, commercial, and industrial). • Lead to an increased proportion of energy needs being met from renewable sources e.g. at domestic and commercial scales? • Ensure all new housing incorporates at least some energy saving measures? • Lead to local developments built to a high standard of sustainable design? • Reduce waste generated as part of all building programmes? • Reduce household waste and increase waste recovery and recycling (domestic, commercial etc)?	• Increase in amount of sustainable design and construction.	• **Number of houses built to Sustainable Code Standards 3, 4 and 5.**	ELDC	
12. Encourage and provide the facilities and infrastructure for "healthy lifestyles"	• Ensure that adequate health facilities and infrastructure is available for present and future generations? • Ensure health facilities are accessible to all sectors of the community? • Reduce health inequalities	• Amount (ha) of green infrastructure created through new development.		ELDC	

	• across the district? • Promote healthy and active lifestyles? • Maintain, enhance and create green infrastructure assets (e.g. green space, recreation and sports facilities, semi-wild/rural places) across the district accessible to the whole community?				
13. Positively plan for, and minimise the effects of, climate change.	• Minimise flood risk to people, property, agricultural land and other assets from the sea, from rivers and from surface water drainage infrastructure? • Increase flood risk to people, property, agricultural land and other assets downstream of the proposed development? • Contribute to effective management of water resources (surface waters) (e.g. storage of excess precipitation)? • Promote appropriate energy production technologies at the district scale? • Contribute to a reduction in emissions of greenhouse gases within the district?	• *Number or permissions granted contrary to the advice of the Environment Agency, on flood risk grounds.* • *Amount for Megawatt hours power generated from renewable sources.*		ELDC	